

35 Matching questions

1. ____ Pottawatomie Massacre
 2. ____ John J. Crittenden
 3. ____ popular sovereignty
 4. ____ secession
 5. ____ John Bell
 6. ____ Charles Sumner
 7. ____ Wilmot Proviso
 8. ____ James Buchanan
 9. ____ complex
 10. ____ sectionalism
 11. ____ Henry Clay
 12. ____ Preston Brooks
 13. ____ Compromise of 1850
 14. ____ Constitution Union Party
 15. ____ Uncle Tom's Cabin
 16. ____ Dred Scott
 17. ____ John C. Fremont
 18. ____ Abraham Lincoln
 19. ____ The Confederate States of America
 20. ____ Kansas-Nebraska Act
 21. ____ John Brown's Raid
- A. Chief Justice who gave the decision in the Dred Scott case
 - B. a fugitive slave from Virginia who was arrested in Boston
 - C. senator who designed a compromise to end conflicts between free states and slave states
 - D. difficult not simple
 - E. northern party that supported the Wilmot Proviso
 - F. a political party that only represented political ideas that were in the Constitution
 - G. Stephen Douglass statement to Lincoln of his belief in popular sovereignty, the idea that political power belongs to the people
 - H. an Illinois lawyer who warned about the Supreme Court's future rulings about slavery; he became the 16th president of the United States
 - I. president of the Confederacy
 - J. a famous anti-slavery novel
 - K. presidential candidate for the Constitutional Union Party in 1860
 - L. an Illinois senator who wanted to run a US railroad from Chicago to the Pacific Ocean.
 - M. 15th president of the United States who was not a strong supporter of the Kansas- Nebraska Act
 - N. a pro-slavery representative from South Carolina who attacked Charles Sumner after Sumner insulted him
 - O. southern presidential candidate in 1860 who supported slavery in the territories
 - P. divided the Louisiana Purchase into two territories and allowed popular sovereignty to decide slavery
 - Q. the author of Uncle Tom's Cabin
 - R. a union formed by southern (Confederate) states

22. _____ Republican Party
23. _____ Harriet Beecher Stowe
24. _____ implications
25. _____ Dred Scott Decision
26. _____ Anthony Burns
27. _____ Stephen Douglas
28. _____ John C. Breckinridge
29. _____ Jefferson Davis
30. _____ Lincoln-Douglas Debates
31. _____ Free Soil Party
32. _____ Fugitive Slave Act
33. _____ Freeport Doctrine
34. _____ Franklin Pierce
35. _____ Roger B. Taney

- S.** Kentucky senator who proposed Constitutional amendments that would protect slavery
- T.** effects of a decision
- U.** event during which Abolitionist John Brown and his men killed five pro-slavery men
- V.** a document that stated that slavery would be against the law in all parts of the Mexican Cession.
- W.** a political party formed in 1854 that united against the spread of slavery in the West
- X.** uprising during which John Brown and his men took over a supply of weapons in Harpers Ferry, West Virginia
- Y.** a Massachusetts senator who spoke out against people in Kansas who supported slavery
- Z.** debates during which Abraham Lincoln accused Democrats of spreading slavery across the nation.
- AA.** Supreme Court ruling that African Americans were not citizens and could not challenge people in federal court
- AB.** settled most conflicts between free states and slave states
- AC.** republican presidential candidate who ran against Buchanan and stood against the spread of slavery
- AD.** a slave who sued for his freedom and lost in the Supreme Court.
- AE.** a formal withdrawal (separation) from the Union
- AF.** the idea that called for voters in a new territory to decide whether to allow slavery.
- AG.** law that made it a crime to help runaway slaves and allowed slaves to be arrested in free areas
- AH.** a New Hampshire politician who promised to honor the Compromise of 1850 and the Fugitive Slave Act
- AI.** favoring the interests of one section or region of a country over the interests of the entire country.